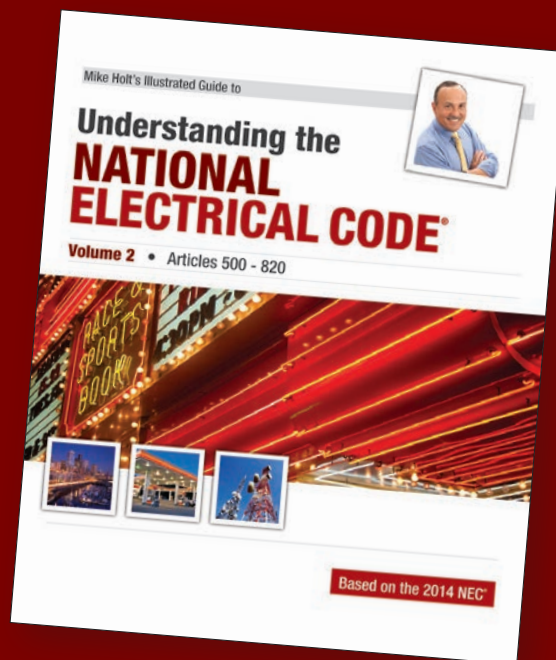


Mike Holt's Illustrated Guide to

ARTICLE 810— RADIO AND TELEVISION EQUIPMENT

Based on the 2014 NEC®

Extracted from Mike Holt's Illustrated Guide to Understanding
the National Electrical Code® • Volume 2



For more information on this or other training products,
visit www.MikeHolt.com or call 888.632.2633



Mike Holt Enterprises, Inc.

888.NEC.CODE (632.2633) • www.MikeHolt.com

Date: March 16, 2015

NOTICE TO THE READER

The publisher does not warrant or guarantee any of the products described herein or perform any independent analysis in connection with any of the product information contained herein. The publisher does not assume, and expressly disclaims, any obligation to obtain and include information other than that provided to it by the manufacturer.

The reader is expressly warned to consider and adopt all safety precautions that might be indicated by the activities herein and to avoid all potential hazards. By following the instructions contained herein, the reader willingly assumes all risks in connection with such instructions.

The publisher makes no representation or warranties of any kind, including but not limited to, the warranties of fitness for particular purpose or merchantability, nor are any such representations implied with respect to the material set forth herein, and the publisher takes no responsibility with respect to such material. The publisher shall not be liable for any special, consequential, or exemplary damages resulting, in whole or part, from the reader's use of, or reliance upon, this material.

Author: Mike Holt

Technical Illustrator: Mike Culbreath

COPYRIGHT © 2015 Charles Michael Holt



Produced and Printed in the USA

All rights reserved. No part of this work covered by the copyright hereon may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or information storage and retrieval systems without the written permission of the publisher. You can request permission to use material from this text by either calling 888.632.2633, e-mailing Info@MikeHolt.com, or visiting www.MikeHolt.com.

For more information, call 888.NEC.CODE (632.2633), or e-mail Info@MikeHolt.com.

NEC®, NFPA 70®, NFPA 70E® and National Electrical Code® are registered trademarks of the National Fire Protection Association.



This logo is a registered trademark of Mike Holt Enterprises, Inc.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Mike Holt worked his way up through the electrical trade. He began as an apprentice electrician and became one of the most recognized experts in the world as it relates to electrical power installations. He's worked as a journeyman electrician, master electrician, and electrical contractor. Mike's experience in the real world gives him a unique understanding of how the *NEC* relates to electrical installations from a practical standpoint.



You'll find his writing style to be direct, nontechnical, and powerful.

Did you know Mike didn't finish high school? So if you struggled in high school or didn't finish at all, don't let it get you down. However, realizing that success depends on one's continuing pursuit of education, Mike immediately attained his GED, and ultimately attended the University of Miami's Graduate School for a Master's degree in Business Administration.

Mike resides in Central Florida, is the father of seven children, has five grandchildren, and enjoys many outside interests and activities. He's a nine-time National Barefoot Water-Ski Champion (1988, 1999, 2005–2009, 2012–2013). He's set many national records and continues to train year-round at a World competition level (www.barefootwaterskier.com).

What sets him apart from some is his commitment to living a balanced lifestyle; placing God first, family, career, then self.

*I dedicate this book to the
Lord Jesus Christ,
my mentor and teacher.
Proverbs 16:3*



ARTICLE 810

RADIO AND TELEVISION EQUIPMENT

Introduction to Article 810—Radio and Television Equipment

This article covers transmitter and receiver equipment—and the wiring and cabling associated with that equipment. Here are a few key points to remember about Article 810:

- Avoid contact with conductors of other systems.
- Don't attach antennas or other equipment to the service-entrance power mast.
- Keep the bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor as straight as practicable, and protect it from physical damage.
- If the mast isn't bonded properly, you risk flashovers and possible electrocution.
- Keep in mind that the purpose of bonding is to prevent a difference of potential between metallic objects and other conductive items, such as swimming pools.
- Clearances are critical, and Article 810 contains detailed clearance requirements. For example, it provides separate clearance requirements for indoor and outdoor locations.

Part I. General

810.1 Scope

Article 810 contains the installation requirements for the wiring of television and radio receiving equipment, such as digital satellite receiving equipment for television signals and amateur/citizen band radio equipment antennas. **Figure 810–1**

Author's Comment:

- Article 810 covers:
 - Antennas that receive local television signals.
 - Satellite antennas, which are often referred to as satellite dishes. Large satellite dish antennas (C Band dishes were 10 ft in diameter) usually have a motor that moves the dish to focus on different satellites. The smaller satellite dish antennas (18 in. in diameter) are usually aimed at a single satellite.

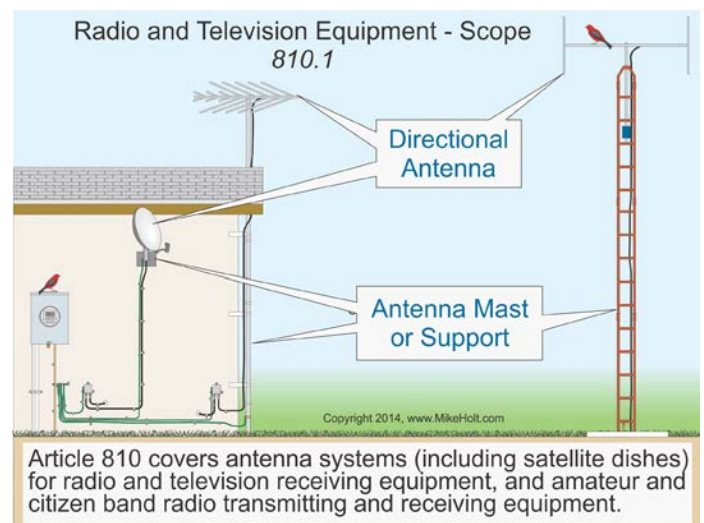


Figure 810–1

- Roof-mounted antennas for AM/FM/XM radio reception.
- Amateur radio transmitting and receiving equipment, including HAM radio equipment (a noncommercial [amateur] communications system).

810.3 Other Articles

Wiring from the power supply to Article 810 equipment must be installed in accordance with Chapters 1 through 4 except as modified by parts I and II of Article 640. Wiring for audio equipment must comply with Article 640, and coaxial cables that connect antennas to equipment must be installed in accordance with Article 820. [Figure 810-2](#)

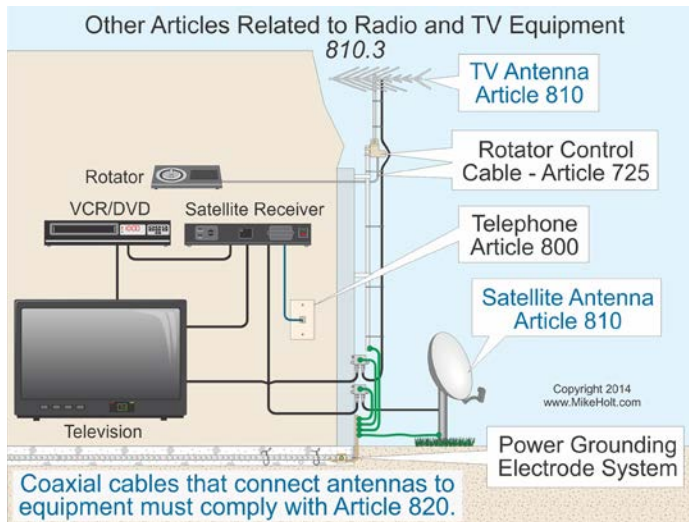


Figure 810-2

Author's Comment:

- The grounding requirements for antenna cables are contained in 810.20(C) and 810.21, not Article 820.

810.4 Community Television Antenna

The antenna for community television systems must be installed in accordance with this article, but the coaxial cable beyond the point of entrance must be installed in accordance with Article 820. [Figure 810-3](#)

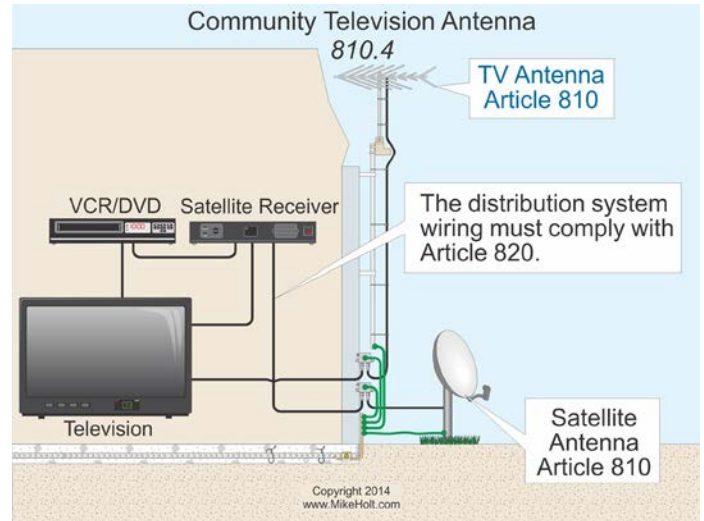


Figure 810-3

Author's Comment:

- A community TV antenna is used for multiple-occupancy facilities, such as apartments, condominiums, motels, and hotels.

810.6 Antenna Lead-In Protectors

Antenna lead-in surge protectors must be listed, and must be grounded in accordance with 810.21. [Figure 810-4](#)

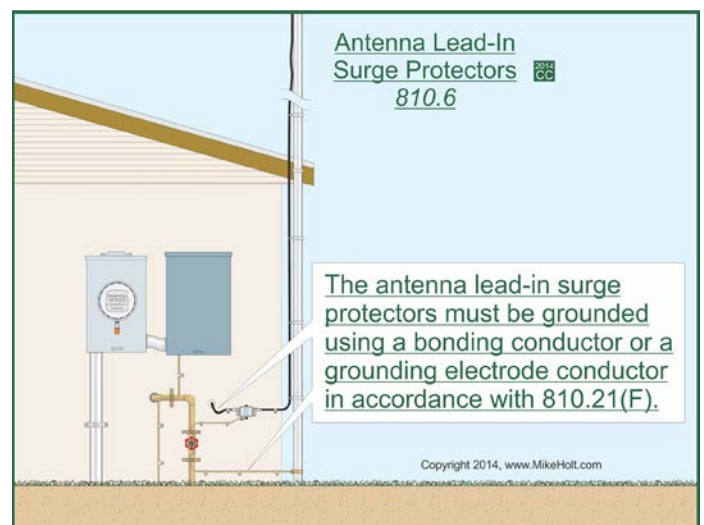


Figure 810-4

810.7 Grounding Devices

Fittings used to connect bonding jumpers or grounding electrode conductors to equipment must be listed.

Part II. Receiving Equipment—Antenna Systems

810.12 Supports

Outdoor antennas and lead-in conductors must be securely supported, and the lead-in conductors must be securely attached to the antenna. The antennas or lead-in conductors must not be attached to the electric service mast. **Figure 810–5**

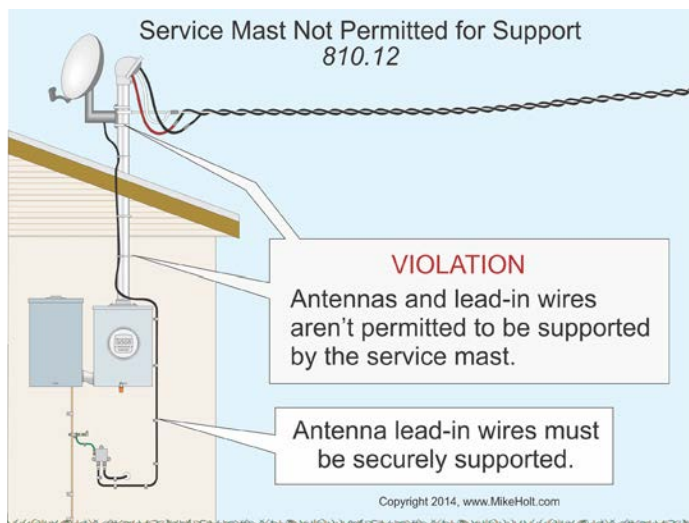


Figure 810–5

810.13 Avoid Contact with Conductors of Other Systems

Outdoor antennas and lead-in conductors must be kept at least 2 ft from exposed electric power conductors to avoid the possibility of accidental contact.

Author's Comment:

- According to the *National Electrical Code Handbook*, “One of the leading causes of electrical shock and electrocution is the accidental contact of radio, television, and amateur radio transmitting and receiving antennas, and equipment with light or power conductors. Extreme caution should therefore be exercised during this type of installation, and periodic visual inspections should be conducted thereafter.”

810.15 Metal Antenna Supports—Grounding

Outdoor masts and metal structures that support antennas must be grounded in accordance with 810.21. **Figure 810–6**

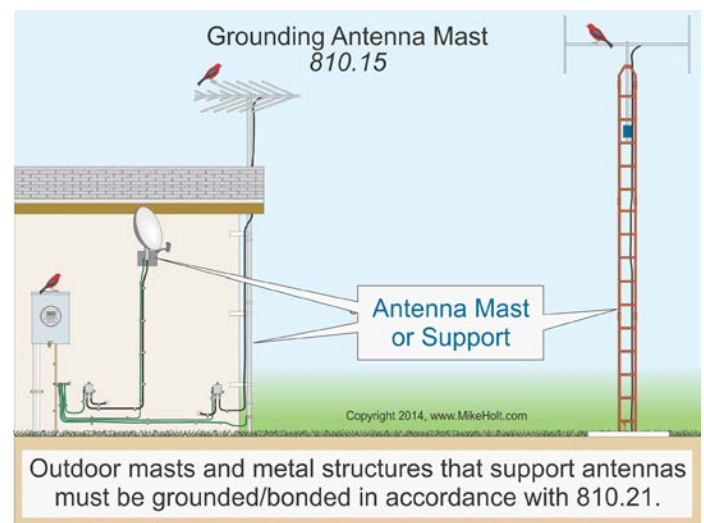


Figure 810–6

810.18 Clearances

(A) Outside of Buildings. Lead-in conductors attached to buildings must be installed so that they can't swing closer than 2 ft to the conductors of circuits of 250V or less, or closer than 10 ft to the conductors of circuits of over 250V.

Lead-in conductors must be kept at least 6 ft from the lightning protection system and underground antenna lead-in conductors must maintain a separation not less than 12 in. from electric power conductors. **Figure 810–7**

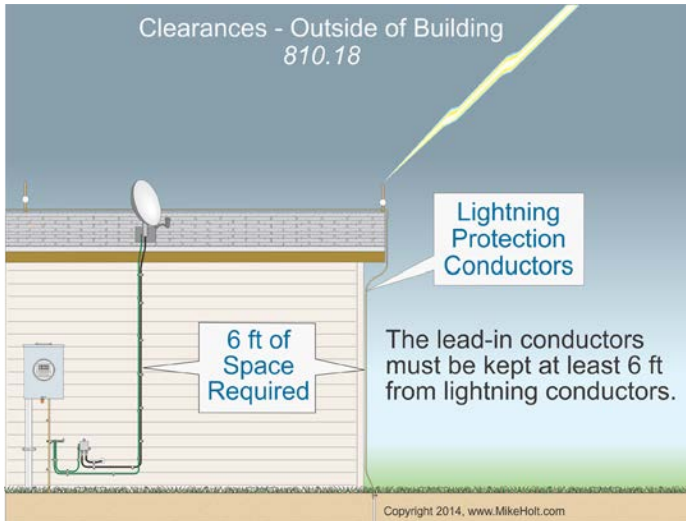


Figure 810-7

Ex: Separation isn't required where the underground antenna lead-in conductors or the electric power conductors are installed in raceways or cable armor. Figure 810-8

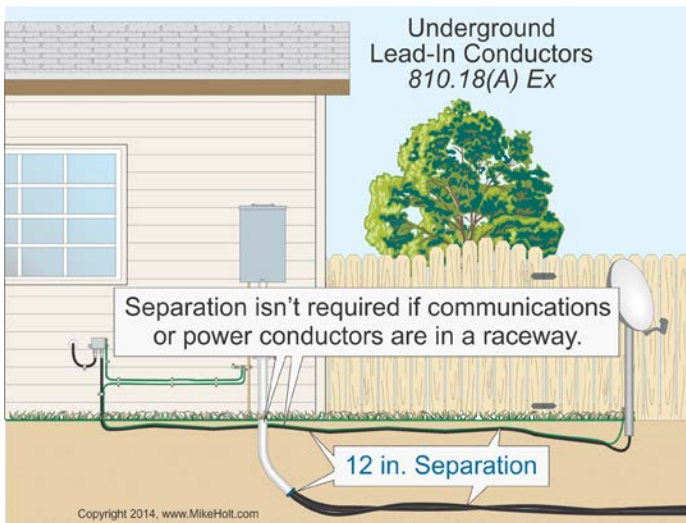


Figure 810-8

Author's Comment:

- The *NEC* doesn't specify a burial depth for antenna lead-in wires.

Note 1: Air terminals for a lightning protection system must not be used for the building grounding electrode [250.60].

Note 2: Metal raceways, enclosures, frames, and metal parts of electric equipment must be bonded or spaced from the lightning protection system in accordance with NFPA 780, *Standard for the Installation of Lightning Protection Systems*.

Author's Comment:

- Separation from lightning protection conductors is typically 6 ft through air or 3 ft through dense materials such as concrete, brick, or wood.
- If a lightning protection system is installed, it must be bonded to the building grounding electrode system [250.106].

(B) Indoors. Indoor antenna and lead-in conductors must not be less than 2 in. from electrical power conductors.

Ex 1: Separation isn't required if the antenna lead-in conductors or the electrical power conductors are installed in a raceway or cable armor.

(C) Enclosures. Indoor antenna lead-in conductors can be in the same enclosure with electric power conductors where separated by an effective, permanently installed barrier. Figure 810-9

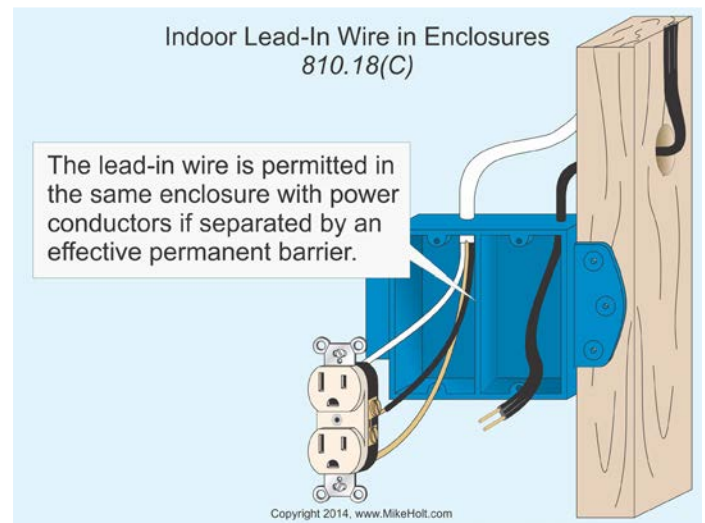


Figure 810-9

810.20 Antenna Discharge Unit

(A) Where Required. Each lead-in conductor from an outdoor antenna must be provided with a listed antenna discharge unit. **Figure 810–10**

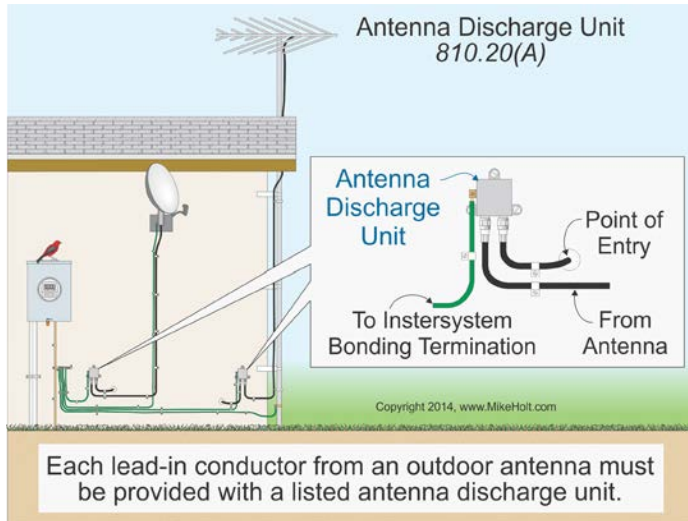


Figure 810–10

(B) Location. The antenna discharge unit must be located outside or inside the building, nearest the point of entrance, but not near combustible material or in a hazardous (classified) location as defined in Article 500.

(C) Grounding. The antenna discharge unit must be grounded in accordance with 810.21.

810.21 Bonding Conductor and Grounding Electrode Conductors



Scan the QR code for a video clip of Mike explaining this topic; this is a sample from the DVDs that accompany this textbook.

The antenna mast [810.15] and antenna discharge unit [810.20(C)] must be grounded as follows.

Author's Comment:

- Grounding the lead-in antenna cables and the mast helps prevent voltage surges caused by static discharge or nearby lightning strikes from reaching the center conductor of the lead-in coaxial cable. Because the satellite dish sits outdoors, wind creates a static charge on the antenna as well as on the cable attached to it. This charge can build up on both the antenna and the cable until it jumps across an air space, often passing through the electronics inside the low noise block down converter feedhorn (LNBF) or receiver. Connecting the coaxial cable and dish to the building grounding electrode system (grounding) helps to dissipate this static charge.

Nothing can prevent damage from a direct lightning strike, but grounding with proper surge protection can help reduce damage to the satellite dish and other equipment from nearby lightning strikes.

(A) Material. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor to the electrode [810.21(F)] must be copper or other corrosion-resistant conductive material. **Figure 810–11**

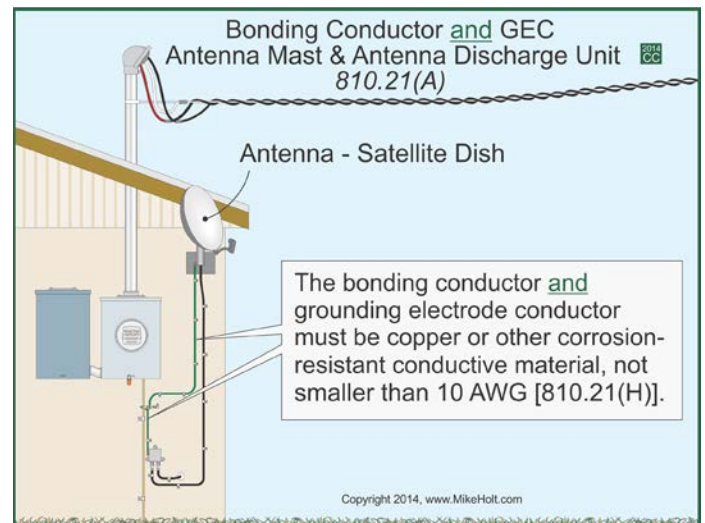


Figure 810–11

(B) Insulation. Insulated, covered, or bare.

(C) Supports. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must be securely fastened in place.

(D) Physical Protection. Bonding conductors or grounding electrode conductors must be mechanically protected where subject to physical damage, and where installed in a metal raceway, both ends of the raceway must be bonded to the bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor. Figure 810-12

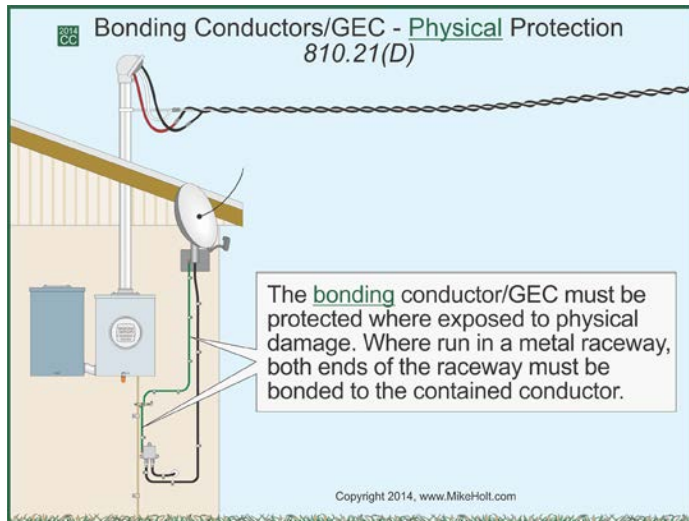


Figure 810-12

Author's Comment:

- Installing the bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor in PVC conduit is a better practice.

(E) Run in Straight Line. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must be run in as straight a line as practicable.

Author's Comment:

- Lightning doesn't like to travel around corners or through loops, which is why the bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must be run as straight as practicable.

(F) Electrode. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must terminate in accordance with (1), (2), or (3).

(1) Buildings With an Intersystem Bonding Termination. The bonding conductor for the antenna mast and antenna discharge unit must terminate to the intersystem bonding termination as required by 250.94 [Article 100 and 250.94]. Figure 810-13

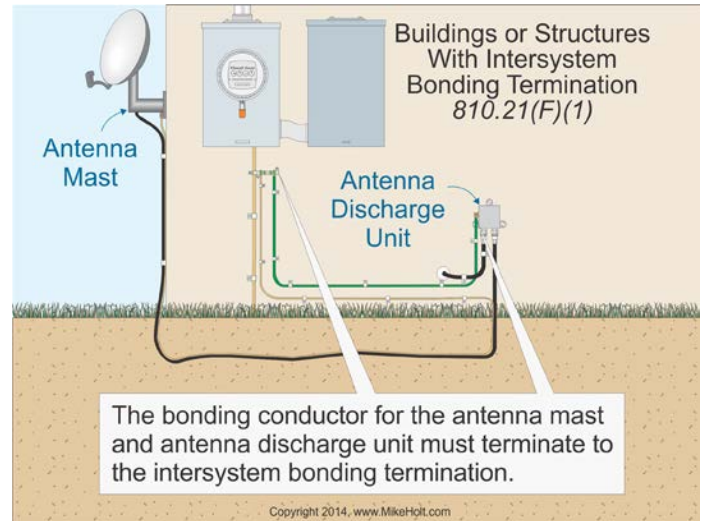


Figure 810-13

Note: According to the Article 100 definition, an Intersystem Bonding Termination is a device that provides a means to connect bonding conductors for communications systems to the grounding electrode system, in accordance with 250.94. Figure 810-14

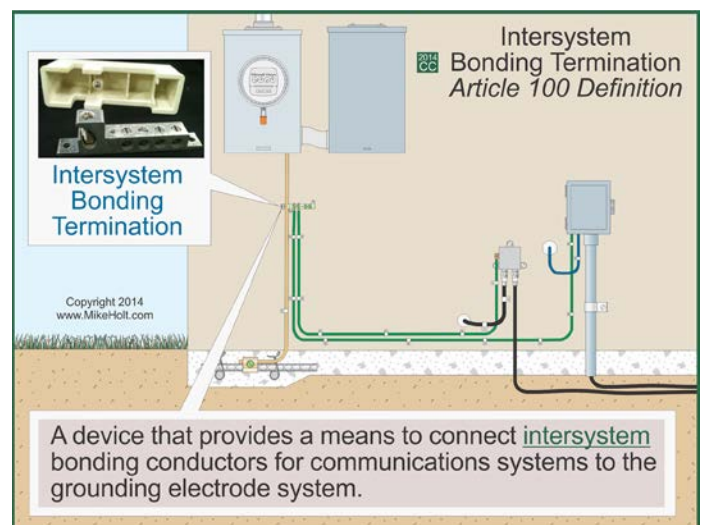


Figure 810-14

Author's Comment:

- Bonding all systems to the intersystem bonding termination helps reduce induced potential (voltage) differences between the power and the radio and television systems during lightning events. Figure 810-15

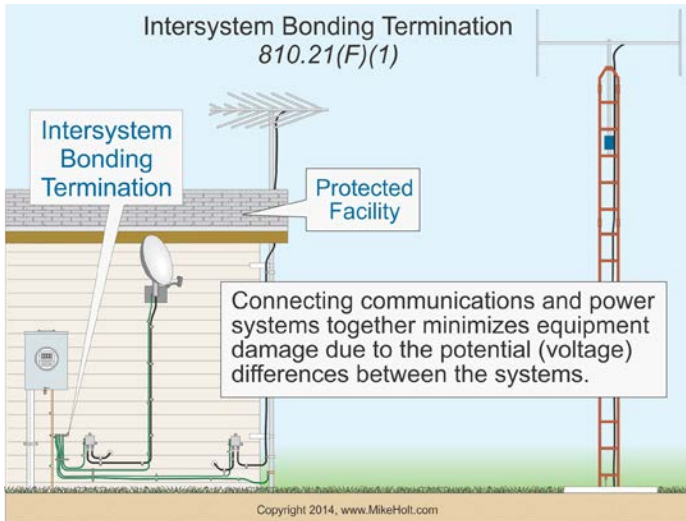


Figure 810-15

(2) In Buildings Without Intersystem Bonding Termination. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor for the antenna mast and antenna discharge unit must terminate to the nearest accessible location on the following: [Figure 810-16](#)

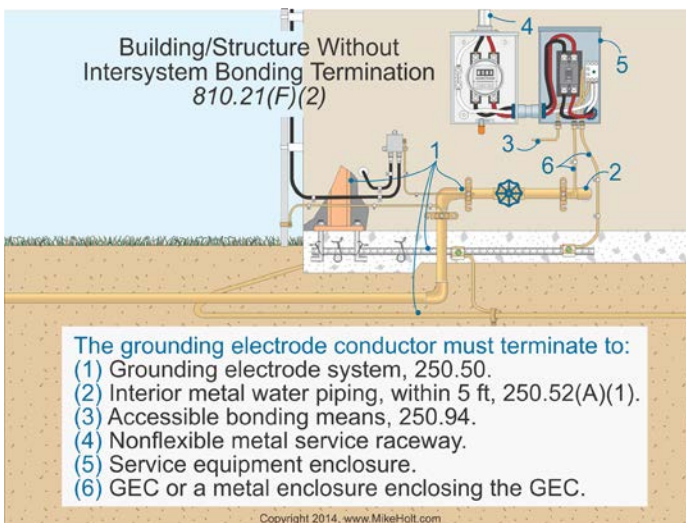


Figure 810-16

- (1) Building grounding electrode system [250.50].
- (2) Interior metal water piping system, within 5 ft from its point of entrance [250.52(A)(1)]. [Figure 810-17](#)
- (3) Accessible means external to the building, as covered in 250.94.
- (4) Nonflexible metallic service raceway.

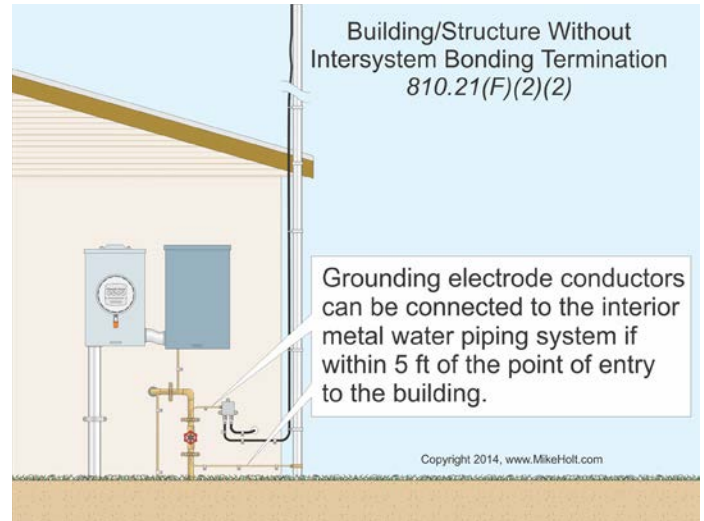


Figure 810-17

- (5) Service equipment enclosure.
- (6) Grounding electrode conductor or the grounding electrode conductor metal enclosure.

(3) In Buildings Without a Grounding Means. The grounding electrode conductor for the antenna mast and antenna discharge unit must be connected to [a grounding electrode](#) as described in 250.52.

(G) Inside or Outside Building. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor can be installed either inside or outside the building.

(H) Size. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must not be smaller than 10 AWG copper or 17 AWG copper-clad steel or bronze.

Author's Comment:

- Copper-clad steel or bronze wire (17 AWG) is often molded into the jacket of the coaxial cable to simplify the grounding of the lead-in conductor from an outdoor antenna to the discharge unit [810.21(F)].

(J) Bonding of Electrodes. If a ground rod is installed to serve as the grounding electrode for the radio and television equipment, it must be connected to the building's power grounding electrode system with a minimum 6 AWG conductor. [Figure 810-18](#)

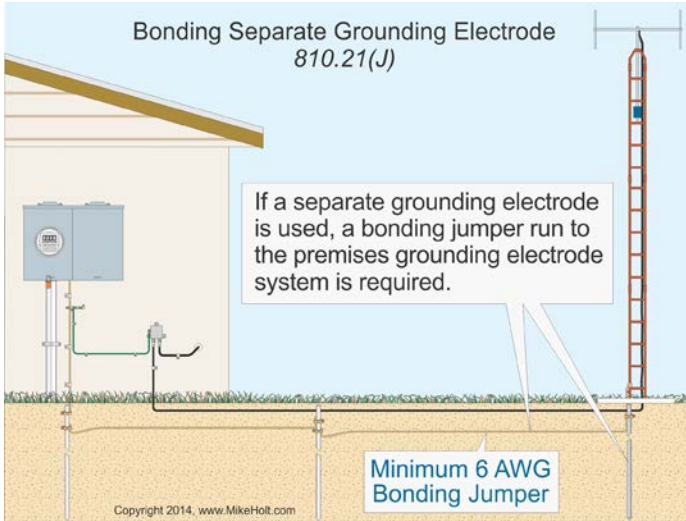


Figure 810–18

(K) Electrode Connection. Termination of the bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must be by exothermic welding, listed lugs, listed pressure connectors, or listed clamps. Grounding fittings that are concrete-encased or buried in the earth must be listed for direct burial [250.70].

Part III. Amateur and Citizen Band Transmitting and Receiving Antenna Systems

810.51 Other Sections

Antenna systems for amateur and citizen band transmitting and receiving stations must also comply with the following requirements:

Support of Lead-In Cables. Antennas and lead-in conductors must be securely supported, and the lead-in conductors must be securely attached to the antenna [810.12].

Avoid Contact with Conductors of Other Systems. Outdoor antennas and lead-in conductors must be kept at least 2 ft from exposed electric power conductors to avoid the possibility of accidental contact [810.13].

Metal Antenna Supports—Grounding. Outdoor masts and metal structures that support antennas must be grounded in accordance with 810.21 [810.15].

810.54 Clearance on Building

Antenna lead-in conductors must be firmly mounted at least 3 in. away from the surface of the building.

810.57 Antenna Discharge Units

Each lead-in conductor from an outdoor antenna must be provided with a listed antenna discharge unit or other suitable means that drain static charges from the antenna system.

Ex 1: If protected by a continuous metallic shield that's grounded in accordance with 810.58.

Ex 2: If the antenna is grounded in accordance with 810.58.

810.58 Bonding Conductor or Grounding Electrode Conductors

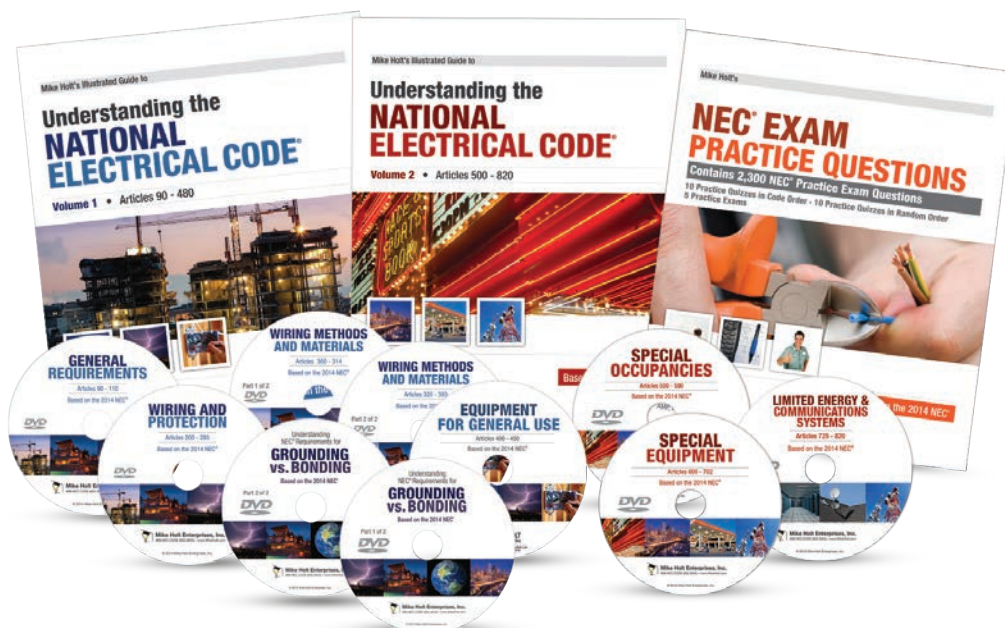
(A) Other Sections. The antenna mast [810.15] and antenna discharge unit [810.57] must be grounded as specified in 810.21.

(B) Size of Protective Bonding Conductor or Grounding Electrode Conductor. The bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor must be the same size as the lead-in conductors, but not smaller than 10 AWG copper, bronze, or copper-clad steel.

(C) Size of Operating Bonding Conductor or Grounding Electrode Conductor. The operating bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor for transmitting stations must not be smaller than 14 AWG copper or its equivalent.

20% OFF

Mike Holt's DETAILED CODE LIBRARY



| PERFECT FOR ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, CONTRACTORS AND ELECTRICAL INSPECTORS |

There isn't a better way to learn the Code than with Mike's Detailed Code Library. It takes you step-by-step through the NEC® in Code order, combining the unique writing style of Mike's textbooks, with his dynamic teaching style on the training DVDs. You get detailed instructional graphics, great practice questions, and in-depth analysis by Mike and a team of industry experts explaining the rules and their practical application.

Get your Copy for 20% off list price – use discount code UNDPDF14

NAME _____		TITLE _____	
COMPANY _____			
ADDRESS _____			
CITY _____	STATE _____	ZIP _____	
PHONE _____			
E-MAIL ADDRESS _____			
<input type="checkbox"/> VISA	<input type="checkbox"/> MASTERCARD	<input type="checkbox"/> DISCOVER	<input type="checkbox"/> AMEX
<input type="checkbox"/> MONEY ORDER	<input type="checkbox"/> CHECK		
CREDIT CARD # _____		EXP. DATE _____	
3 OR 4 DIGIT SECURITY CODE ON FRONT OF AMEX OR BACK FOR ALL OTHERS _____			

2014 DETAILED CODE LIBRARY ORDER FORM

	PRICE	QTY	TOTAL
<input type="checkbox"/> DVD Program	List Price \$599 \$479.20	_____	\$ _____
(includes 3 books & 10 DVDs)			
SUB-TOTAL			\$ _____
SALES TAX (FLORIDA RESIDENTS ONLY) ADD 6%			\$ _____
Shipping (5% of total price) - Minimum \$7.50			\$ _____
TOTAL			\$ _____

Mail form to: 3604 Parkway Blvd., Suite 3, Leesburg, Florida 34748
FOR VOLUME DISCOUNTS PLEASE CALL OUR OFFICE

Visit: www.MikeHolt.com/14DECO • **Call:** 888.NEC.CODE (632.2633) • **Fax:** 352.360.0983

Offer good through December 31, 2015



MIKE HOLT Enterprises, Inc.